she acid would kill insects in three and all the common his work away leaving knowled on record as a valuable witness in her lebel, he needed he was then the stead hower had he was a summer that he stead he went away leaving knowled he had keed beens then the stead hower had he was alled he will be a summer the spens to be informed upon every subject that come on. He spens his days in the court room usually lose to the common wealths have in mine the house of the time of the form that come on the spens to be informed upon every subject that come on. He spens his days in the court room usually lose to the common wealths have in mine counsel for the foveriment, and went form that complete the court a standi to a time of the form that complete the court a standing not have been in the court, at find that the form that completent to testify as an expert.

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He sat down and suddenly bounced up, saying: "Oh, and the handlerchie," he referred to the bound saturated duster found by that circle of withresses which the Governing: "Oh, and the handlerchie," said exhibits side makes no account of all this truck.

It hought they were in already," said by that circle of withresses which the Governing of the murders. Felween twenty minutes past 10 and of the point of the bound saturated duster found by the circle of withresses which the Governing of the murders. Felween twenty minutes past 10 and exhibits of the murders at least showed have been desired to the house stated duster found by that circle of withresses which the Governing of the bould with the heart of the murder at least showed he handlerchie," he referred to the bound saturated duster found by that circle of withresses which the Governing of the bound saturated duster found by that circle of withresses which the Governing of the murders at least showed he had been all the point of the former to show that some order to show that we show the murders at least showed he had been a some and the open of the point of the former house without being seen by that circle of withresses which the Governing of the point for the murder at least showed the former to go in an advanced the former to go in an account of all this truck.

It hought they were in already," said the found that the found the found to the former to show think showed he had the point of the found to the found to the found to the found to

THE STATE OF THE S estimated when it is known that a shrewd lawyer, commenting on the case yesterday, I sayer, commenting on the case yesterday, I sayer, commenting on the case yesterday, I sayer, commenting on the case yesterday, I so weak that if any one could be found who saw Miss Borden anywhere in the neighborsaw Miss Borden anywhere in the neighborsaw of the barn on the day of the murder, the hood of the barn on the day of the murder, the jury would acquit her without leaving their seats. This was told to Mr. Jennings yesterday, and he only smiled and said: Wait and sea. To-day precisely that testimony—though so not as clear cut as the prisoner could wish—not as clear cut as the prisoner could not say what is the back of the house. He could not say what had had be deer could not say what had yet was. He knew Bridget Suilivan, and had sold ice ercam to her. It was not she.

Amid an exclamation of surprise by the entire court-room audience Mr. Knowlion took this witness in hand. The hard-headed District Attorney was very much roused by this unexpected testimony. Never did lawyer try harder to contus a witness and his desk, producing him with rapid questions. He was nervous, querulous, and scolding in his tone. The witness stuck to his story like a little man. He complained once in a while that Mr. Knowlton spoke too fast for him, but that was all the satisfaction the listrict Attorney got. The witness stuck to his story like a little man. He complained once in a while that Mr. Knowlton spoke too fast for him, but that was all the satisfaction the listrict Attorney got. Levinsky told the governm

a ball, found a hatelet on the top of John Crowe's barn, which is located just in the rear

Crowe's barn, which is beated just in the rear of the Borden property.

Mr. Potter this morning reported his find to the police and also sought an interview with the counsel for the defence, but was unable to find Mr. Jennings. He still has the hatenet in his possession, and describes it as an ordinary implement, with a hammer head. The hatchet was weather beaten and the blade covered with rust.

Some of the particles of rust being removed, a slight coloring of gift was disclosed, which would either indicate that the hatchet was at one time used as an ornament or was quite new when lost or discarded.

LAYS THEN TO THE DEMOCRATS, Charles Emery Smith on the Commercial

Charles Emory Smith of Philadelphia addressed the Republican County Committee in Grand Opera House Hall last night. He began by cheering the drooping spirits of his politi-

LOAN CERTIFICATES READY. CLEARING HOUSE BANKS PUT A LOAN COMMITTEE IN CHARGE.

They Came Within an Ace of Asking Prestdent Cleveland to Convene Congress Immediately-Many Bankers Strongly Pavor Such a Course-Philadelphia Follows New York's Lead-The Situation a Bit Easter,

At a special meeting of the Associated Banks of this city, held at noon yesterday, the unani-mous report of the Clearing House Committee agreed upon on Wednesday was accepted and the following resolution was adopted:

Resided. That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair, with the President to receive from banks, members of the association, bills receivable and other securities to be approved by said commutee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor, to such depositing banks, loan certificate bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum, and suct toan certificates shall not be in excess of 75 per cent of the market value of the secu-rities or bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of bal ances at the Clear ag House, and all the rules and regu-lations heretofor adopted in the issue of such certifi-cates shall be in arcs on the present laure.

The Loan Committee appointed is as follows: F. D. Tapper. Chairman; E. H. Perkins, Jr., J. Edward Sinmons, H. W. Cannon, W. A. Nash,

and G. G. Villiams.

The meeting was unusually well attended. nearly every bank in the Clearing House being represented by its President. There was no special escussion, and, of course, no opposi-tion to the policy which the Clearing House Commistee had deemed to be expedient. The Loan committee is identical with the Clearing House Committee, but differs in its organization in that Mr. Tappen is the Chairman.

It was the intention of the Clearing House Committee that its action on Wednesday should not become public until after the meeting of the Associated Banks yesterday. Fortunately for them and for the business community generally, their intentions were thwarted; for it is almost a certainty that if the public had obtained its information of what the banks contemplated doing in a fragmentary way during business hours yesterday it would have become unnecessarily alarmed. Besides, it would have been impossible to convey to the public immediately after yesterday's meeting the motives and reasons that led the banks to resort to an issue of loan certificates.

As it was, the public was well informed through THE SUN of the proposed action by the banks and their reasons for taking it. The situation was presented in a way that removed any possible cause for alarm, and even

moved any possible cause for alarm, and even on the Stock Exchange, where the bears endeavored to create the impression that the course of the banks was an evidence of weakness, a more confident feeling was reflected. Wall street saw at once that the banks had determined to protect themselves and advance the best interests of their customers, instead of waiting until they should be compelled to take concerted action by a more trying situation than exists at present.

The hope was generally expressed that other prominent business centres would immediately follow the example set by the banks of this city. Before the close of banking hours word came from Philadelphia that the Clearing House there had decided to issue loan certificates. Advices from Boston were, however, that the banks there did not favor the scheme. This is hardly credible, since the money market at Boston is working closer than at this city. Chicago was heard from, commending the action of the New York banks, but it remains to be shown whether the vainglorious financiers of the Windy City will see the desirability of unity of action.

New York banks, but it remains to be shown whether the vainglorious financiers of the Windy City will see the desirability of unity of action. of action.

Now that the banks have decided to cooperate, the publication of a detailed statement of their condition on Saturdar will be discontinued until the last of the certificates which may be issued shall have been retired. The situation generally was an improving one yesterday. The number of failures reported

Traction Company's purchase of the Brooklyn City Railroad. This money, however, will find its way back to Wall street within a day or two. The amount of currency taken from the Sul-Treasury for shipment was much smaller than on any day of late, being \$400,000. There was also a little less pressure upon the banks from the interior.

The amount of Clearing House certificates

Cieveland's attention to the financial situa-tion. But others thought it possible that the



Mr. George W. Warner

Heart trouble and rheumatism afflicted me for many years. I could not eat heartily, and even light food distressed me, and I suffered from indigestion. I began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and my nervous system became regulated, and I could sleep at night. My appetite improved and my food was properly digested. The palpitation of the healt became regular and all rheumatic pains left my hody. I am now a well man."—GEORGE W. WARNER, Austerlitz, Mich.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

dent and Cabinet can best determine, and

dent and Cabinet can best determine, and I am not prepared to say whether or not it would be wise to call Congress togother. If a wide divergence of opinion exists as to proper jegislation. I do not think it would benefit the country to enter into a long and exhaustive discussion of the matter at the present time. If, on the centrary, members of Congress will vote for the sepend of the Siver Purchase act, the sooner action is taken the botter.

Mr. A. B. Herbourn, President of the Third National Bank, said:

Ninely-two per cent, of all the business transactions of the country are represented by credit, simply bookkeeping; only eight per cent, are represented by actual use of money. A volume of currency amply sufficient for business needs in times of confidence is wholly inadequate during a period of distrust, when credit is refused. Our silver legislation is mainly responsible for the present disturbed monstary condition; fear of a silver basis deters investors at home and abroad, locks up money, and paralyzes trade. The President has mublicly proclaimed this; hence it is his paramount duty to convene Congress at the carliest possible date, and to exercise all the power of his great office to accomplish the repeal of this law, He is clearly right in his view, and the public should sustain him in every way. He clearly saw a contingency which might render necessary the assembling of Congress carrier than September. The contingency has arisen; the President should act.

Mr. Frederick, D. Tappen, President of the

Mr. Frederick D. Tappen, President of the

ence of alarm and to try to dispel it by under-rating the gravity of the situation. There is nothing, so far as! know, in the situation and the management of business affairs generally which is inherently unsound. The only trouble is a lack of confidency, which is the result of distrust of our currency. When you im-prove the currency you remove the distrust and restore prespectly. Furthermore, I am in favor of an immediate call for an extra session of Congress, because I think that now the time is ripe for such action. I believe that if Congress were to meet next week the Sherwas smaller than for a number of days past and no runs upon savings banks or other financial institutions were reported. A reduction in the Bank of England rate of discount to 25 per cent, helped to depress the market for sterling exchange here, which, by the way, was demoralized under the pressure to sell bills, and it also encouraged some buying of stocks here for London account.

On the Stock Ex-hange prices were as a rule well maintained, though the call money market was active throughout. This activity may have been due in part to the fact that several million dollars were called in resterday to make payments on account of the Long Island Traction Company's purchase of the Brooklyn House Association to take steps for the refire-ment of the certificates at as early a dar as possible, and, therefore, it seems to me proper that bank officers should exert such influence as they can command to induce favorable leg-istation by Congress at as early a date as pos-

islation by Congress at as carly a date as possible.

Mr. William W. Sherman, President of the National Bank of Commerce, answered the second question first. He said:

"The leve that the President meant to be understood that he would call an extra session of Congress just as soon as the necessities of the case required, and I think he said so because the knowledge that Congress was coming together would be and ought to be reassuring. But I do believe, he continued, branching off to the first question. That it is certainly for the best interests of the country that the Congress should be convened at the earliest possible moment. And I say that with the hope that when it did come together it would be practically a unit in its work and that it would instantly take the steps necessary to step the further purchase of siver-repeal the Sherman silver purchasing at and stop the purchase of silver entirely—and so it would restore confidence in the business world." orld." Mr. Ebenezer K. Wright, President of the Park

world."

Mr. Ebenezer K. Wright, President of the Park National Bank, said at first: "I hardly think there is any warrant for such a move calling an extra session at present;" but he qualified it immediately by adding: "If the calling of an extra session immediately would result in the immediately positive, would result in the immediate repeal of the Sherman silver purchasing law, by all means do it at once. Repeal that law and a great deal of the cause of the present difficulty would be removed right off. I think that Fresident Cleveland is exceedingly well informed of the difficulties that now boset us, and that he fully appreciates the situation and will act accordingly for the best interests of the country.

Mr. John M. Crane, President of the National Shee and Leather Bank, said: "It does seem to me that me be required it assurances that he ought to give or that he can are. He has said." We recognize the disturbed condition of affairs. We recognize the disturbed condition of affairs, we recognize this condition of affairs. Now, within a reasonable time I will convoke Congress, that he in Sectember, or, if absolutely necessary, may be before that time." I think that the action the Clearing House is taking is a preventive of any serious financial crists, and that it must of necessity have a reasonable the extinct as serious financial crists, and that it must of necessity have a reasonable the state of the extra ses-

erisis, and that it must of necessity have a reassuring color extending all over the country. The fact that the time is fixed for the extra session of Congress more or less definitely will of fixed frave a reassuring offect.

"Then you do not think that it is necessary to have an extra session of Congress before Sentember?" asked the reporter. "Is the immediate reposit of the Sherman silver purchasing act desirable?"

If it is certain that Congress would repeal that thin was the reply, "the seoner the extra session is called the botter for everystody."

Mr. George G. Williams, President of the Chemical Bank, said: "It would be well to



of improvements— Dr. Pierce's Pleas-ant Pellets. To begin with, they re the smallest, and

JUST FULL

of improvements—
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellots. To begin with they re the smallest, and the easiest to take. They're tiny, sugar-coated antibulious granules, scaroely larger than must and seeds. Every child is ready for them. Then, after they're taken, instead of disturbing and shocking the system, they act in a mild, easy, and natural way. There's no chames for any reaction afterward. Their help lasts. Constipation, Indigestion, Billous Attacks. Sick or Billous Hoadaches, and all darangements of the liver, stomach, and howels are promptly relieved and permanently cured.

They're but up in gless vials, which keeps antly cured.

They're put up in glass vials, which keeps them always fresh and reliable, unlike the ordinary pills in wooden or pasteboard.

And they're the cheapest pills you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the good you get.

await events for a while. We are still alive. None of us is dead yet. We of the Clearing House took the action that we did to forestall events. It is no indication of an existing necessity, but it is a matter of prudence. I think it well that the situation should be left to the judgment and the discretion of the President. It seems to me that the situation is rather improving to-day. There has certainly been very much less call for money."

"Does not the necessity for the repeal of the Sherman silver-purchasing act warrant the calling of an extra session immediately?" asked the reporter.

"It ought always to be understood that the distrust in the situation has for its prime factor the law requiring the purchase of silver. That is all the trouble. Every one who has given serious thought to the subject apprehended just the situation which we are in now. It is certainly advisable to have the law repealed to-day, if that could be done."

Mr. James Stillman, the President of the National City Bank, was disinclined to be quoted at all; but he said that he believed that President Clevelant was the best informed man in the country on the financial situation. "He knows it from first to last," he said. "He knows it from first to last," he said. "He has the best information from both sides, and he knows better than any man living what to do. He will do it."

One man who did not wan to be quoted, and who is a personal friend of President Cleveland and a President of a hank, said that the one objection to an immediate call for an extra session was that it would not be possible to get a quorum of Congress together at the present time. "They would pair off," he said, and there it would end for the time being. Such a condition of affairs would be for an extra session before the first or the middle of September. I think that the President of the Merchants' National Bank, said:

In my estimation the Sherman law can't be repealed too soon, and as the calling of a special session of Congress to be called. I am satisfied. That comp

The same view was hold by President Richard L. Edwards of the Bank of the State of New York.

"In my opinion." said he, "President Cleveland should have called Congress within three weeks of his inauguration, thus throwing the whole responsibility of these questions of finance on Congress. Congress should be called at once. Mr. Cleveland was assured, so I understand, that at the time of his inauguration the repeal of the Sherman law, in which lies the remedy, was impracticable, and that public opinion would sustain the law. If that was true, then I think that public opinion has changed since. The sooner the Sherman law is repealed the better will be the mancial situation, and therefore the sooner a special sussion of Congress is called the better for the country.

Mr. James F. Grannis, President of the Tradesman's National Bank at 201 broadway, said that in his opinion an early session of Congress was desirable. He declined to discuss the question further.

BANKS IN TROUBLE,

The First National of Arkansas City, Kan., Closes Its Boors.

ARRANSAS CITY, Kan., June 15. - The First National Bank of Arkansas City, Kan., closed its doors to-day. It was organized June 30, 1885, with a capital stock of \$50,000, which it afterward increased to \$125,000. When examined in December, 1802, it had a capital of \$125,000 and surplus and profits as shown by its books mounting to about \$00,000, but the Exan iner's report showed that excessive loans and discounts to the amount of \$180,000 had been made to ten parties, and that loans and discounts to the amount of \$30,000 had been made to the President, William Seeth, the cashier, H. P. Farrar, and the assistant cashier. F. W. Farrar.

The Examiner estimated that losses to the

extent of \$140,000 had been sustained by the bank, and the Comptroller, in criticising the

report then made, directed the bank to use its surplus and profits to charge off \$60,000 of this estimated loss, and gave notice of an asthis estimated loss, and gave notice of an assessment of \$50,000 upon the bank to make good the impairment of capital shown to this amount. The bank was again examined on April 26, and the Examiner, being still of the opinion that the capital was impaired by losses sustained upon its assets, the comptolier thereupon notified the bank that the assessment must be paid in by the shareholders without turther delay.

The closing of the bank is due to the fact that having most of its resources tied up in losses and other investments which could not be converted into cash, it was unable to respond to the demands of decessiors, the bulk of the deposits being payatic on disease. The Company of Philadelphia, as trusted, the deposits being payatic on disease the net profits each month, based on April fluvres, at \$75,000 for both companies. The closing of the bank is due to respond to the demands of decessiors, the bulk of the deposits being payatic on disease. The company of Philadelphia, as trusted, the heavy payatic and Trust Company of Philadelphia, as trusted, the heavy payatic and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank, and to their conduct of affairs in a large measure is deep the capital payatic on the control of the conduct of affairs in a large measure is deep the capital payatic on the capital payatic and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have been the main managers of the bank and the cashier appear to have the cashie lapse of it. This alternoon Comptroller Eckels appendixed Hiram Walworth of Plattsburgh, N. Y., receiver of the bank.
St. Louis, June 15.—S. Bonham, banker, at Fnirfield, Illis, has falled.
INDIANAPOL'S, June 15.—The Comptroller of the Currency has extended the time for reopening the Capital National Bank until Monday next, at which time it will resume. The bank now has \$500,000 in its vaults, and the directors announce that it will have \$750,000 with which to open its doors, sufficient to pay every depositor on sight. with which to open its doors, sufficient to pay every depositor on sight.

Annenson, Ind., June 15.—The Farmers' and Merchants' State Bank at Fairmount, Grant County, just north of here, closed its doors yes-terday and assigned to Philip Matthew of Mar-ion, Ind. Quite a crowd of farmers rushed for the bank and threatened to use dynamite un-der it. Alphous Henley, J. E. Winslow, and Levi Scott are its officers. It had a paid-up capital of \$50,000, with a surplus of \$5,000 at the last report.

Lovi Scott are its officers. It had a paid-up capital of \$50.000, with a surplus of \$5.000 at the last report.

Categoo, June 15.—At a meeting of the stock-hodiers of the Chemical National Bank yesterday it was decided to resume business. Steps were taken toward reorganization.

Weston, O., June 15.—The exchange Banking Company of this place has closed its deers. The bank had a run and was unable to get help. The directors have notified depositors that they will probably receive deliar for deliar.

Boston, June 15.—Receiver Trask of the Order of the Unity has discovered a defeit in the treasury accounts of the order amounting to between \$18,000 and \$20.000. He also reports the destruction or concealment of important books and vouchers. Charles A. Kimpton, Suprame Treasurer of the order, through whose hands all the money passed, has been missing from his residence in Sometylie for nearly a fortnight and cannot be found.

THIS LITT E LUN ABOUT OVER. Irving Savings Institution Depositors Begin to See a Light.

The run on the Irving Savings Institution of Di Warren street ended at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Only seventy-four accounts were closed yesterday, and only \$73,000 was with drawn. The officials of the institution do not anticipate any further run on the bank to-day. When the doors of the bank opened resterday morning perhaps thirty people were waiting with their lank books. Four-fiths of the little erowd were women. Most of them held small accounts. They were disposed of inside of one hour. By 11 o'c'ock there were not over ten depositors waiting for their money.

Treasurer rancher was outside of the bank railing, waiting to buy up all accounts that the depositors would dispose of. He was paying one handred cents on the dollar. He made money by so doing, because he gets the fully interest, which depositors who withdraw their accounts now lost. Gradually if dawned upon the depositors that they were making a missiake, and many who came as far as the door left without withdrawing their money. Vice-President Lemarks, said at 30 clock that the run of the tank was practically over. Of the dismissed officers of the lank he said: I sincerely hote that Mr. Heaton will not be arrested and that noeffort will be made to prosecute him. I think, as I have said before that he was morely the tool of Euxton and Tompkins. I think it vor probable that they will be arrested. We know where Mr. Heaton is. Mr. Tompkins, I understand, is in canada, Mr. Puxton has been seen within the rast few days. I think we can get them all if we want them." crowd were women. Most of them held small

LOCAL COMMERCIAL FAILURES. Charles tottler & Son Analga-A Receiver for the H. M. Silverman Co.

The case will be submitted to the Grand Jury next week, probably.

The failure of Charles Cottler & Son. importers of precious stones at 171 Broadway. was announced yesterday, making the fifth arge failure in the New York jewelry trade in the past ten days. The partners, Charles C. Cottier and his son. Jean G. C. Cottier, made general assignment without preference to Lawyer Samuel Greenbaum of Hays & Greenbaum. Mr. Greenbaum, the assignee, said



Two boxes. The \$10 Suit in the paper box. \$10 to

Some \$20 Suits for \$10

We've seen lots of bargains during our thirty-six years' business career, but we've never seen any so great as these Twenty-Bollar Sults for \$10. People have bought them who sever puld so small an amount for a suit of clothen before. Other people, to whom ten dollars saved is ten dollars mad-, have also taken advantage of this sale-less of them. That's where our profit comes in we've made it so small that we'd be unable enormous quantities.

E. O. THOMPSON, Tailor, Clothier and Importer, 245 BROADWAY CORNER OF MURRAY STREET.

that the firm had \$40,000 tied up by the other failures. They had taken notes for goods, which notes they had had discounted. They would have to take care of these notes, as the makers have failed. The liabilities are about \$120,000, of which more than half are due in Europa. Charles C. Cottler, the senior partner, is 84 years old, and for a long time has been incapacitated from active business by

ner, is 84 years old, and for a long time has been incapacitated from active business by paralysis.

The Sheriff has taken charge of the store of Raiph Bennett, merchant tailor at 157 Bowers, on an execution for \$1,229 in favor of his brother, Borrow Bannett, on a note.

Charles N. King has been appointed receiver for the 1k M. Silverman Company, manufacturers of hats and furs at 12 East Eighteenth street and 100 Grand avenue, Brooklyn, it is a Jersey corporation and thable to attachment. The business was established thurthere years ago by the late H. M. Silverman, The firm of H. M. Silverman & Co. made in assignment in December, 1800 to J. B. Metic gravith habilities of \$172,000 and assets of \$87,000. Mr. MeGeorge turned the assets ever to the present company, the firm having effected a settlement with creditors. Mr. MeGeorge became Treasurer, Philip Transvein Secretary, and Robert Silverman President. The latter resigned on Jan. 25 last, and was succeeded by Samuel H. Blum.

An attachment for \$3,500 has been obtained in this city against the Harleson Savings Bank of Hudson, Wis, in layor of John A. Frigge, Jr. on a bill of exchange, dated June 8, on the Third National Bank of this city.

TO HELP PENNSYLVANIA STEEL.

President Bent Issues a Plan for Financial Rehabilitation. PHILADELPHIA, June 15 .- A communication from President Bent of the embarrassed Pennsylvania Steel Company to the stockholders of that concorn, in which a plan for the rehabilitation of its finances is proposed, is made publie to-day. Accompanying the communication is a report of an expert accountant which shows that the combined assets of the Pennsylvania Steel Company and the Mary-land Steel Company on March 31, 1893, were \$17,783,213 and the liabilities

CHICAGO, June 15 .- The Executive Committee of the National League of Republican Clubs, selected at the recent Louisville Convention, met at the Grand Pacific Hotel to day. with President W. W. Tracy of Springfield in the chair. Mr. Smith of Alabama, Mr. Pell of North Carolina, Mr. Cooper of Arkansas, and Mr. Asheroft of Tennessee reported that the Populist campaigns of last year had done much toward breaking up the solid with, and that Republican success in many of the

and that Republican success in many of the States was possible.

There are four candidates for the best-staryship, to succeed Mr. Humphrey of New York, who resigns to look after his private business. They are James F. Borks of letistivatia, who organized the tolicize leads of Republican Clubs; ex-Congressman Alea of Michigan, W. E. Rijey of Kentucky, and Henry Teirke of Rhode Island. The Western men favor the selection of Chicago as the headquarters of the leading and they are confident of a majority as against the supporters of Washington.

Creamer Gets His \$6,000 Fee.

ALBANY, June 15.-The Hon. Thomas J. Creamer, one of the counsel for the trees Legislative Taxation Committee, call-State Comptroller's office to-day and and ted to Comptroller Campbell a letter. - 22-4 by a majority of the "Joint Comm by a majority of the "Joint Commandation," approving of the bill bree-him for his services as one of the con-the committee. Senator McClallands man of the committee, some days ag to approve Mr. Creamer's bill, says, exortsiant, whereupon the Compar-he would not pay it unless a major members of the committee approve-Mr. Campbell had examined the par-mitted heimment after surroys. mitted he immediately approved May

Washington, June 15. Word was re-sized at the Navy Department to-day to Atlanta has arrived at Colon for coa. fever has appeared at some points Isthmus, and as affairs in North quieted down, it is probable that vessels will not be kept much longe vicinity. The Atlanta reports that everything quiet and harm the longer than the second of the control of the con everything quiet and harm the she all rarus, and matters are also quel on the Isthmus.

A Buffalo Policeman Clubs the W mis Who

BUFFALO, June 15 - Policeman I untel Il-Wilson, who is stationed at Worderland, the saulted Nellie Booth, a pretty yould not be who lives at the Hotel Richellen. With he on The-day night. The water treat in a dying condition. Wit on, which is man, was in love with Most Houth, will jected him; hence the assault.

Mr. Croker Calls Upon His Partner, Gra-Juckson.

Gen. William H. Jackson of the Belle Mad stud, near Nashville, is at the Hoffman enthusiastic over his a venty-one head our bred yearlings which are to be a st Tattersalls next Manny swenting.

He was in one did only swenting.

He was in one did on he evening that hotel with Richard 1 ker, which part 1 and him in the swentship of the currings.

Biorses, Carringes, &c. SHETLAND PONIES AT AUCTION.

I WHERE AT THE AMERICAN HORSE EXCERNISE Somet and Broadway, on SATURDAY June 1' see tested lot of 26 brad of \$HUTLAND POSICE FOR broken to ride and drive. In the on an overecorely matched pars. The lot is a manufact of a serif respect. Bred at Bhidh Khaba, Laberton imported stock.

bale prompt at 10 30 o'c ock A. M. Col & D. BRUCE, Auch 1949